



SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE

OF THURSDAY, JULY 10, 1879.

Published by Authority.

WELLINGTON, THURSDAY, JULY 10, 1879.

Special Mining District under Section 66 of "The Mines Act, 1877."

(L.S.) HERCULES ROBINSON, Governor.
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by section sixty-six of "The Mines Act, 1877," power is given to the Governor to proclaim special mining districts for the pre-emption of homesteads, and for the purposes contemplated in the said section :

Now, therefore, I, Hercules George Robert Robinson, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, by virtue of the powers and authorities vested in me by the said section sixty-six of "The Mines Act, 1877," and of all other powers and authorities thereunto enabling me, do hereby proclaim and declare the piece of land described in the Schedule hereto to be a special mining district for the purposes of the sixty-sixth section of "The Mines Act, 1877."

SCHEDULE.

ALL that part of the Vincent County within the Otago Mining District.

Given under the hand of His Excellency Sir Hercules George Robert Robinson, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, at the Government House, at Wellington, this eighth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine.

W. GISBORNE.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

Proclamation of Public Prison at Wellington.

(L.S.) HERCULES ROBINSON, Governor.
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, intituled "The Prisons Act, 1873," it is provided that the Governor may from time to time, as to him shall seem meet, by Proclamation published in the *New Zealand Gazette*, declare any house, building, enclosure, or place to be a public prison, and from and after the publication of any such Proclamation in the *New Zealand Gazette*, or from any later time specified in the Proclamation, such house, building, enclosure, or place shall be deemed to be a public prison :

Now, therefore, I, Hercules George Robert Robinson, the Governor of the colony of New Zealand, do hereby proclaim and declare that portion of the Government Reserve on Mount Cook, situated in the City of Wellington, and known as the Immigration Barracks, to be a public prison.

Given under the hand of His Excellency Sir Hercules George Robert Robinson, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, at the Government House, at Wellington, this tenth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine.

JOHN SHEEHAN,

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

Reservation of Land for the purpose of granting it to the Corporation of the Borough of Wanganui.

HERCULES ROBINSON, Governor.
ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this tenth day of July, 1879.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

IN pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in him by the three hundred and fiftieth section of "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1876," and upon the request of the Borough of Wanganui, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony of New Zealand, doth hereby order that the land described in the Schedule hereto shall be and the same is hereby reserved out of the waste lands of the Provincial District of Wellington, for the purpose of granting the same to the Corporation of the Borough of Wanganui.

SCHEDULE.

ALL that parcel of land in the Provincial District of Wellington, situated in Block VI., Mangawhero Survey District, being portion of the block known as Paratieke, and containing by admeasurement 2,000 acres, more or less. Bounded towards the North by Ngapukewhakapu Block, 802 links, 1823 links, 6973 links, 4408 links, and 10352 links; towards the East by Section No. 1, Block III., Section No. 2, and part of No. 3, Block VII., Mangawhero Survey District aforesaid, 933 links, 1008 links, 955 links, 1451 links, 642 links, 832 links, 1033 links, 336 links, 564 links, 842 links, 154 links, 1054 links, 350 links, 1064 links, 282 links, 584 links, 301 links, 297 links, 1098 links, 754 links, 994 links, 1194 links, 428 links, 444 links and 1200 links; towards the South by the other part of Paratieke Block aforesaid, 17450 links; and towards the West by the Mangawhero River: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less; as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the District Survey Office, Wellington.

FORSTER GORING,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Reservation of Land for the purpose of granting it to the Corporation of the Borough of Masterton.

HERCULES ROBINSON, Governor.
ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this tenth day of July, 1879.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

IN pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in him by the three hundred and fiftieth section of "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1876," and upon the request of the Borough of Masterton, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony of New Zealand, doth hereby order that the land described in the Schedule hereto shall be and the same is hereby reserved out of the waste lands of the Provincial District of Wellington, for the purpose of granting the same to the Corporation of the Borough of Masterton.

SCHEDULE.

ALL that parcel of land in the Provincial District of Wellington, being Sections numbered 25, 30, 31, 32, 33, and 34, Block VI., Mangaone Survey District, and containing by admeasurement 746 acres and 6 poles, more or less. Bounded towards the North by Sections Nos. 24, 14, 15, and 16, Block VI. aforesaid, and Section No. 6, Block VII., of afore-

said district; towards the East and South by a road; towards the West by Sections Nos. 29 and 27, Block VI. aforesaid; again towards the South by said Section No. 27; and again towards the West by a road: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the Survey Office, Wellington.

FORSTER GORING,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Reservation of Land for the purpose of granting it to the Corporation of the Borough of Wellington.

HERCULES ROBINSON, Governor.
ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this tenth day of July, 1879.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

IN pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in him by the three hundred and fiftieth section of "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1876," and upon the request of the Borough of Wellington, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony of New Zealand, doth hereby order that the lands described in the Schedule hereto shall be and the same are hereby reserved out of the waste lands of the Provincial District of Wellington, for the purpose of granting the same to the Corporation of the Borough of Wellington.

SCHEDULE.

ALL that area in the Provincial District of Wellington, containing by admeasurement 1601 acres, more or less, being Sections Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 6 to 13, Block VIII, Mangahao Survey District, viz.:

Sections 1, 2, 3, containing by admeasurement 587 acres and 2 roods, more or less; being bounded towards the North-east by Section No. 9, Block IV., Makuri Survey District; towards the South-east by Section No. 14 of the last-mentioned block, and by Section No. 4 of the aforesaid Block VIII.; towards the South-west and North-west by road lines.

Sections 7 and 10, containing by admeasurement 179 acres, more or less; and being bounded towards the North-east by a road line; towards the South-east by the main road from Masterton to Woodville; towards the South-west by Section No. 16 of said Block VIII.; and towards the North-west by the Mangatainoka Stream.

Sections 6, 8, 9, 11, and 12, containing by admeasurement 639 acres and 2 roods, more or less; being bounded towards the North-east and East by road lines; towards the South-west by Sections 18 and 17 of the said Block VIII.; and towards the North-west by the aforesaid main road.

Section 13, containing by admeasurement 195 acres, more or less; and being bounded towards the North-east by a road line; towards the South-east by Section No. 14 of the said Block VIII.; towards the South-west by Section No. 19 of Block VIII.; and towards the West by a road line.

FORSTER GORING,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Reservation of Land for the purpose of granting it to the Corporation of the Borough of Picton.

HERCULES ROBINSON, Governor.
ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this tenth day of July, 1879.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

IN pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in him by the three hundred and

fiftieth section of "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1876," and upon request of the Borough of Picton, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony of New Zealand, doth hereby order that the land described in the Schedule hereto shall be and the same is hereby reserved out of the waste lands of the Provincial District of Marlborough, for the purpose of granting the same to the Corporation of the Borough of Picton.

SCHEDULE.

ALL that parcel of land situated in the Linkwater Survey District, in the Provincial District of Marlborough. Bounded on the North by Sections numbered 388, 389, 390, 391, and 392, on the map of the Town of Picton; on the East partly by Sections Nos. 15 and 132, in the Picton Suburban Survey District, and partly by the watershed of the Waitohi Stream (more generally known as Eason's Valley); on the West by the said watershed; and on the South by a right line due east and west intersecting the aforesaid watersheds, so as to include an area of 2,000 acres or thereabouts: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the Survey Office, Blenheim.

FORSTER GORING,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Reservation of Land for the purpose of granting it to the Corporation of the Borough of Ross.

HERCULES ROBINSON, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this tenth day of July, 1879.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

IN pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in him by the three hundred and fiftieth section of "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1876," and upon the request of the Borough of Ross, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony of New Zealand, doth hereby order that the land described in the Schedule hereto shall be and the same is hereby reserved out of the waste lands of the Provincial District of Westland, for the purpose of granting the same to the Corporation of the Borough of Ross.

SCHEDULE.

ALL that parcel of land situate in the Provincial District of Westland, containing 500 acres, being Reserve numbered 210 (in red), Block V., on the map of the Totara Survey District. Bounded on the North by a straight line running due west through road peg 312, Okarito to Bowen Road; towards the East by the west side of the Okarito to Bowen Road; towards the South by a line parallel with north boundary; and towards the West by a straight line running due north (to include the quantity), and 5000 links in length.

FORSTER GORING,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Reservation of Land for the purpose of granting it to the Corporation of the Borough of Greymouth.

HERCULES ROBINSON, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this tenth day of July, 1879.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

IN pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in him by the three hundred and

fiftieth section of "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1876," and upon the request of the Borough of Greymouth, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony of New Zealand, doth hereby order that the lands described in the Schedule hereto shall be and the same are hereby reserved out of the waste lands of the Provincial District of Westland, for the purpose of granting the same to the Corporation of the Borough of Greymouth.

SCHEDULE.

ALL that piece or parcel of land in the Provincial District of Westland, containing 600 acres, more or less, being Reserve numbered 193 (in red) on the map of the New River Survey District. Bounded towards the North-east by the road reserve along the Arnold River; towards the West by track to Lake Brunner; and towards the South by a straight line at right angles with said track to include the quantity. Subject to survey, and to necessary road reserves.

Also all that parcel of land containing 3 roods and 13 poles, more or less, being Reserve numbered 196 (in red) on the map of the Borough of Greymouth. Bounded towards the East by Whitecombe Quay; towards the South by Preston Road; and towards the North by Erua Moana Lagoon.

Also all that parcel of land containing 4 acres, more or less, being Reserve No. 197 (in red) on the map of the Borough of Greymouth. Bounded towards the North by Nelson Street; towards the East by Railway Reserve; towards the South by Chesterfield Street; and towards the West by Shelley Street.

And also all that parcel of land containing 1 acre and 14 poles, more or less, being Reserve No. 198 (in red) on the map of the Borough of Greymouth. Bounded towards the South by Nelson Street; towards the East by Shakspeare Street; and towards the West by Railway Reserve.

FORSTER GORING,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Reservation of Land for the purpose of granting it to the Corporation of the Borough of Kumara.

HERCULES ROBINSON, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this tenth day of July, 1879.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

IN pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in him by the three hundred and fiftieth section of "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1876," and upon the request of the Borough of Kumara, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony of New Zealand, doth hereby order that the land described in the Schedule hereto shall be and the same is hereby reserved out of the waste lands of the Provincial District of Westland, for the purpose of granting the same to the Corporation of the Borough of Kumara.

SCHEDULE.

ALL that area in the Provincial District of Westland, in the Colony of New Zealand, containing five hundred acres, more or less, being Reserve No. 203 (in red), situate in the Waimea Survey District. Bounded towards the North by the road reserved along the south bank of the Teremakau River; towards the East by the Borough of Kumara and Block XXXIX., towards the South by the EB and DJ line roads; and towards the West by a line to include the quantity, and parallel with western boundary of

said Borough of Kumara, subject to survey, and exclusive of roads: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the Survey Office, Hokitika.

FORSTER GORING,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Reservation of Land for the purpose of granting it to the Corporation of the Borough of Ashburton.

HERCULES ROBINSON, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this tenth day of July, 1879.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

IN pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in him by the three hundred and fiftieth section of "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1876," and upon the request of the Borough of Ashburton, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony of New Zealand, doth hereby order that the land described in the Schedule hereto shall be and the same is hereby reserved out of the waste lands of the Provincial District of Canterbury, for the purpose of granting the same to the Corporation of the Borough of Ashburton.

SCHEDULE.

ALL that parcel of land in the Provincial District of Canterbury, being Sections Nos. 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, and 65, of Reserve No. 350, Hind's Survey District, and containing by admeasurement 422 acres and 18 poles, more or less. Bounded towards the North by a road; towards the East by a road; towards the South by a road; and towards the West by a road and Reserve No. 1984, and again by a road: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the Survey Office, Christchurch.

FORSTER GORING,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Reservation of Land for the purpose of granting it to the Corporation of the Borough of Winton.

HERCULES ROBINSON, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this tenth day of July, 1879.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

IN pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in him by the three hundred and fiftieth section of "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1876," and upon the request of the Borough of Winton, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony of New Zealand, doth hereby order that the land described in the Schedule hereto shall be and the same is hereby reserved out of the waste lands of the Provincial District of Otago, for the purpose of granting the same to the Corporation of the Borough of Winton.

SCHEDULE.

ALL that parcel of land in the Southland division of the Provincial District of Otago, containing about 1,080 acres, more or less. Bounded towards the North by Section No. 50 (P.R.), Wairaki Survey District; towards the East by Section No. 45 of said survey district and a road; towards the South and again towards the East by Section No. 51 of said survey district; again towards the South by the Wairio Survey District; towards the West by Kenny

Creek; again towards the South by Section No. 49, Wairaki Survey District; and again towards the West by a line being the production of the western boundary of Section No. 49 aforesaid, to Section No. 50, the point of commencement: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the Survey Office, Invercargill.

FORSTER GORING,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Reservation of Land for the purpose of granting it to the Corporation of the Borough of Riverton.

HERCULES ROBINSON, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this tenth day of July, 1879.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

IN pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in him by the three hundred and fiftieth section of "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1876," and upon the request of the Borough of Riverton, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony of New Zealand, doth hereby order that the land described in the Schedule hereto shall be and the same is hereby reserved out of the waste lands of the Provincial District of Otago, for the purpose of granting the same to the Corporation of the Borough of Riverton.

SCHEDULE.

ALL that parcel of land in the Southland division of the Provincial District of Otago, being portion of Sections Nos. 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, and 28, Block II., and Sections Nos. 46, 47, and 48, Block I., Jacob's River Hundred, and containing by admeasurement 454 acres 2 roods and 18 poles, more or less, commencing at a point on the south-eastern boundary of Section No. 49 of said Block I., 3 chains from high-water-mark. Bounded towards the North-west by Section No. 49 aforesaid; towards the North and East by a road to a point 8 chains from high-water mark; thence towards the South by a right line to a point on the south-eastern boundary of Section No. 26 aforesaid, 3 chains from high-water mark; from thence by a right line to a point on the south-eastern boundary of Section No. 28 aforesaid, 3 chains from high-water mark; from thence by a right line to a point on the south-eastern boundary of Section No. 47 aforesaid, 3 chains from high-water mark; from thence by a right line to a point on the south-eastern boundary of Section No. 49 aforesaid, 3 chains from high-water mark, the starting point: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the Survey Office, Invercargill.

FORSTER GORING,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Reservation of Land for the purpose of granting it to the Corporation of the Borough of North Invercargill.

HERCULES ROBINSON, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this tenth day of July, 1879.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

IN pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in him by the three hundred and fiftieth section of "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1876," and upon the request of the Borough of North

Invercargill, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony of New Zealand, doth hereby order that the land described in the Schedule hereto shall be and the same is hereby reserved out of the waste lands of the Provincial District of Otago, for the purpose of granting the same to the Corporation of the Borough of North Invercargill.

SCHEDULE.

ALL that parcel of land in the Southland division of the Provincial District of Otago, being portion of Block XXII., Invercargill Hundred, and containing by admeasurement 300 acres, more or less. Bounded towards the North by the road forming the southern boundary of the endowment of South Invercargill Municipality, 6300 links; towards the East by a line at right angles thereto; towards the South by Campbelltown Hundred, 6300 links; and towards the West by a road line at right angles thereto: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less; as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the Survey Office, Invercargill.

FORSTER GORING,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Reservation of Land for the purpose of granting it to the Corporation of the Borough of Gladstone.

HERCULES ROBINSON, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this tenth day of July, 1879.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

IN pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in him by the three hundred and fiftieth section of "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1876," and upon the request of the Borough of Gladstone, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony of New Zealand, doth hereby order that the land described in the Schedule hereto shall be and the same is hereby reserved out of the waste lands of the Provincial District of Otago, for the purpose of granting the same to the Corporation of the Borough of Gladstone.

SCHEDULE.

ALL that parcel of land in the Southland division of the Provincial District of Otago, being portion of Block XXII., Invercargill Hundred, and containing by admeasurement 300 acres, more or less. Bounded towards the North by the road forming the southern boundary of the endowments of South Invercargill and Avenal Municipalities, 6300 links; towards the East by a line at right angles thereto; towards the South by Campbelltown Hundred, 6300 links; and towards the West by the endowment of North Invercargill Municipality: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less; as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the Survey Office, Invercargill.

FORSTER GORING,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Reservation of Land for the purpose of granting it to the Corporation of the Borough of Alexandra.

HERCULES ROBINSON, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this tenth day of July, 1879.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

IN pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in him by the three hundred and

fiftieth section of "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1876," and upon the request of the Borough of Alexandra, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony of New Zealand, doth hereby order that the land described in the Schedule hereto shall be and the same is hereby reserved out of the waste lands of the Provincial District of Otago, for the purpose of granting the same to the Corporation of the Borough of Alexandra.

SCHEDULE.

ALL that parcel of land in the Provincial District of Otago, situated in the Leaning Rock Survey District, and estimated to contain 440 acres, more or less. Bounded towards the South-east by the Borough of Alexandra; towards the South-west by the Clutha River; towards the North-west by a right line parallel to and 40 chains distant from the north-western boundary of the Borough of Alexandra aforesaid; and towards the North-east by a line at right angles to the last-mentioned boundary to the starting point: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the Survey Office, Dunedin.

FORSTER GORING,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Gaoler appointed.

Department of Justice,
Wellington, 10th July, 1879.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

Sergeant-Major JOHN COLEMAN

to be Gaoler to the Prison at Mount Cook, Wellington.

JOHN SHEEHAN.

Special Rules under "The Regulation of Mines Act, 1874."

Mines Department,
Wellington, 9th July, 1879.

THE under-mentioned special rules are published in accordance with the provisions of section 31 of "The Regulation of Mines Act, 1874," to be observed at the Saddle Hill Coal Mine, Otago.

W. GISBORNE,
Minister of Mines.

The penalties for the violation of any special rules established under "The Regulation of Mines Act, 1874," and for offences against the Act, are provided for in sections 22 to 28, in Part VI.

SPECIAL RULES.

1. No workman in a place of trust shall depute another person to do his work without the sanction of his superior, and shall not absent himself without the permission of his superior.
2. The underground manager shall see that a sufficient amount of ventilation is constantly produced in the mine.
3. The underground manager shall see that a sufficient supply of timber, props, sprags, ropes, and other materials are always on the premises.
4. The underground manager shall see that the roof and sides in all working places are properly secured by the persons working in them, and that the roof and sides of every travelling road be made and kept secure.
5. The under-manager shall not make nor allow any change to be made in the direction of the ventilation of the mine when any person is in the mine.
6. The under-manager or his deputy shall inspect

daily the doors in the main air-drives. No doors must be fastened or propped back whilst on its hinges. Doors only occasionally used by the under-manager or his deputy must be kept properly locked, and only opened by persons authorized by the under-manager. All doors in the mine must be kept in good repair, and hung so that they shut of themselves.

7. Where a place is likely to contain a dangerous accumulation of water, the under-manager shall see that works approaching such place do not exceed eight feet in width, and that there is kept constantly, fifteen feet in advance, a bore-hole near the centre of the working.

8. The under-manager shall see that the air-drives and air-crossings are kept properly opened, and shall travel through the air-drives at least once a week.

9. The under-manager or his deputy shall see that the furnaces and other ventilating apparatus are properly attended to; and the under-manager or his deputy must remain underground until the day's work is finished, and see that the doors are closed, and all the men and boys are out of the mine.

10. The under-manager shall see that all places not in actual use are properly fenced, so as to prevent persons inadvertently entering the same.

11. The under-manager shall withdraw men from working-places which are in any way unsafe.

12. Every collier shall, under the direction of the under-manager, set a sufficient quantity of props for safely supporting the roof and sides of his working-place, and such props shall be renewed as often as is necessary.

13. Each person must examine his working-place before commencing work and from time to time during his shift, and withdraw in case of danger.

14. No collier shall use, or allow to be used, any gunpowder, except in conformity with the rules for its use.

15. Any person discovering any stoppage or derangement of the ventilation, or observing any obstruction in an air-course, or a weakness in the roof, shall immediately give notice to the workmen in that part of the mine, and to the under-manager or his deputy.

16. Any person passing through a door must immediately close it, and no person shall break down or interfere with a stopping or brattice without the permission of the under-manager.

17. No person shall leave any light or any gunpowder in any part of the mine when leaving his work.

18. Shots must be rammed with soft material not likely to strike fire, and no person shall fire shots without authority from the under-manager. When a shot has missed fire it shall not be unrammed, but shall be reported to the under-manager.

19. During the time of the mine-drawing every person in ascending or descending the shaft shall be under the directions of the person in charge of the pit-top, and no person shall get on or off the cage after the pit-top-man has given the caution "Ready," until it has settled on the props or reached the bottom. No person shall take with him, down or up the shaft, tools, rails, props, or other bulky materials, except for repairing the shafts. No person shall get on the cage after the number stated on the board at the pit top and bottom are on. Every workman and boy shall leave the cage when ordered to do so by the pit-top-man.

20. The head banksman shall each morning examine the drum, ropes, cages, and all other winding gear, and horse-harness, and see that everything is in safe working condition, and he shall not allow any one to descend the shaft on the cage until he has put the loaded wagons into the cage and the ropes and loaded cages have been run up and down the shaft,

and the ropes, chains, and cages carefully examined by him. If any weakness or defect is found in anything belonging to the pit-top he must not permit any person to descend or ascend until it is made secure.

21. The banksman in charge of the pit-top shall not allow any stranger to go down the shaft without the permission of the manager. When the banksman is informed of danger in the shaft he shall not allow any person to descend except for the purpose of repairing the shaft. He shall remain at the pit-top until all the men and boys are drawn out.

22. The banksman shall not allow any boy under sixteen years to descend the shaft unless accompanied by a man, and not more than four persons shall be allowed to descend or ascend on the cage at one time.

23. The head banksman shall see that the fencing is placed securely round the top of each shaft when it is not at work.

24. Each collier, when he puts his loaded wagon on the cage, shall call out "Heave up," and the banksman in charge of the pit-top shall see that the horse in the whim is not allowed to move until such words have been given.

Special Rules under "The Regulation of Mines Act, 1874."

Mines Department,
Wellington, 9th July, 1879.

THE under-mentioned special rules are published in accordance with the provisions of section 31 of "The Regulation of Mines Act, 1874," to be observed at the following coal mines:—

Kawakawa, Auckland.	Wallsend (Greymouth), Westland.
Whauwhau, Auckland.	
Kamo, Auckland.	Shag Point, Otago.
Taupiri, Auckland.	Green Island, Otago.
Miranda, Auckland.	Abbot's Royd, Otago.
Coal Pit Heath, Nelson.	Fern Hill, Otago.
Wellington Company's, Nelson.	Walton Park, Otago.
Brunner, Nelson.	Kaitangata No. 1, Otago.
	Lawrence, Otago.

W. GISBORNE,
Minister of Mines.

The penalties for the violation of any special rules established under "The Regulation of Mines Act, 1874," and for offences against the Act, are provided for in sections 22 to 28, in Part VI.

SPECIAL RULES.

1. No officer in a place of trust shall depute another person to do his work without the sanction of his superior; and no person in a place of trust shall absent himself without having previously obtained the permission of his superior officer for his term of absence.

2. Intoxicating drinks shall not be allowed in or about the mine without the consent of the manager, and then only in cases of necessity; and no person in a state of intoxication shall be allowed to be in or about the mine.

Manager.

3. The manager shall take all reasonable means for carrying out the requirements of the Act and special rules, by publishing and, to the best of his power, enforcing them. He shall be responsible for the appointment of a sufficient number of competent persons to carry out the requirements of the Act and the special rules, and also to see that the working of the mine is carried on with all reasonable provisions for the safety of the persons employed.

4. The manager shall see that an adequate amount of ventilation is constantly produced in the mine, to

dilute and render harmless noxious gases to such an extent that the working-places of the shafts, levels, stables, and workings of the mine, and the travelling roads to and from such working-places, shall, so far as is reasonably practicable, be in a fit state for working and passing therein.

5. The manager shall see that an ample supply of timber, props, sprags, bricks, lime, sand, ropes, brattice-cloth, and other requisite materials are always on the premises, and the underviewer shall see that the same are distributed, and also report any deficiency. The underviewer or his deputy shall see that the roof and the sides in all working-places are properly secured by the persons working in them, and that the roof and sides of every travelling road be made and kept secure. The underviewer or his deputy shall visit every working-place as often as is practicable during each shift.

Underviewer.

6. The underviewer, whenever practicable, must personally attend to the matters and duties required by the following rules; and the performance and observance of such matters and duties shall not be intrusted to a deputy, except in cases in which the underviewer cannot reasonably perform them, or during his lawful absence. In these cases he may require his deputy or deputies to act for him, and they shall be bound to do and perform all acts, matters, and duties deputed to him or them by the underviewer according to these rules.

7. The underviewer shall not make nor allow any change to be made in the direction of the ventilation of the mine, when any person is in the mine, beyond the place where such change is proposed; and he shall, where practicable, cause the stables to be ventilated into the return air from the mine.

8. The underviewer or his deputy shall inspect daily the doors in the main air-ways, and see that they are checked or doubled. No door must be propped or fastened back whilst on its hinges. The underviewer must appoint doorkeepers whenever necessary. Doors only used occasionally by the underviewer or his deputy must be kept securely locked, and only opened by properly-authorized persons. All doors must be kept in good repair, and hung so that they will fall to of themselves.

9. Where a place is likely to contain a dangerous accumulation of water the underviewer, acting under the manager's instructions, shall see that the working approaching such place does not exceed eight feet in width, and that there is constantly kept at a sufficient distance, not being less than five yards in advance, at least one bore-hole near the centre of the working, and sufficient flank bore-holes on each side.

10. The underviewer or his deputy shall see that the air-ways and air-crossings are kept properly opened, and shall travel through the air-ways at least once a week; and shall see that the regulators, tight-stoppings, doors, sheets, brattices, and danger-signals are immediately put where required. He shall see that the ventilating furnaces and other ventilating apparatus are properly attended to. The underviewer or his deputy must remain underground until the day's work is finished, and see that the doors and sheets are closed, and all the men and boys are out of the mine.

11. The underviewer shall see that all the provisions contained in this Act as to the employment of boys and male young persons are strictly enforced.

12. The underviewer, acting under the direction of the manager, shall see that all places not in actual use are properly fenced across the whole width, so as to prevent persons inadvertently entering the same.

13. The underviewer shall see that all the provi-

sions contained in the Act and in these special rules relating to the use of gunpowder and other explosive substances used in the mine are strictly enforced.

14. The underviewer or his deputy shall see that proper man-holes and signals which are made or provided are kept in good order, according to the provisions of the Act.

15. The underviewer shall see that the timber is properly distributed, that there is sufficient, and that it is used when necessary for security.

16. The underviewer shall withdraw men from working-places which are in any way unsafe, and shall report the same.

Colliers.

17. Every collier shall, under the direction of the underviewer or his deputy, set a sufficient quantity of props and bars for safely supporting the roof and sides in his working-place. The timber shall be properly set, and be removed and renewed as often as is necessary.

18. No collier shall use or allow to be used any gunpowder, except in conformity with the general rules for its use.

19. In addition to the examination by the underviewer, or other officer, each work-person must examine his working-place before commencing work, and from time to time during his shift, and withdraw his men in case of danger.

20. Any person discovering any stoppage or derangement of the ventilation, injury to air-crossings, doors, stoppings, brattices, or air-pipes, or observing any obstruction in an air-course, a weakness in the roof, or deficiency of timber, weight on the stalls, or accumulation of gas or water, shall immediately give notice to the men and boys in that part of the mine, and to the underviewer or his deputy.

21. Any person passing through a door must instantly close it; and no person shall injure a door or leave it open, break down or interfere with a stopping or a brattice, obstruct or damage an air-course, air-crossing, or air-pipe, or remove a caution-board or danger-signal, or do anything to interfere with the proper working of the mine, without an order from the underviewer or his deputy.

22. No person shall leave any light or any gunpowder in any part of the mine when leaving his work.

23. Shots must be rammed with soft material not likely to strike fire.

24. No person shall fire shots without authority from the underviewer.

25. When a shot has missed fire it shall not be unrammed, but shall be reported to the underviewer or his deputy, and the place shall not be approached without the permission of the underviewer or his deputy.

26. The furnaceman shall constantly keep clean brisk fires; ashes shall not be allowed to accumulate upon or under the bars, but when cold they must be removed.

The following special rules shall be in force in any mine in which explosive gas has been found:—

27. The manager shall appoint a competent person or persons, who shall examine every safety-lamp, immediately before it is taken into the workings for use, and ascertain it to be secure and securely locked; and, in any part of a mine in which the safety-lamps are so required to be used, they shall not be used until they have been so examined and found secure, and securely locked, and shall not without due authority be unlocked; and in the said part of the mine a person shall not, unless he is appointed for the purpose, have in his possession any key or con-

trivance for opening the lock of any such safety-lamp, or any lucifer match or apparatus of any kind for striking a light. He shall not allow any unlocked lamp to be in any part of the mine excepting in a lamp-cabin, or other station properly appointed for lighting lamps. He must also see that no safety-lamp gauze is used with less than twenty-eight parallel wires to the inch, or less than 784 apertures to the square inch, and that a sufficient number of safety-lamps are provided with shields, and locks and rings in the end of the gauze.

28. The manager shall appoint a station or stations at the entrance of the mine, or at different parts of the mine, as the case may require; and no person shall pass beyond any such station until the mine, or part of the mine beyond the same, has been duly inspected and stated to be safe.

29. No person shall pass the appointed station or enter his working-place in a morning until it has been examined by the underviewer or his deputy, and duly indicated to be safe; and no person shall go into any other part of the mine than where he works, except by the order of the underviewer or his deputy, or under the circumstances mentioned in the next rule.

30. The underviewer or his deputy shall, with a safety-lamp, once in every twenty-four hours if one shift is employed, and once in every twelve hours if two shifts are employed during any twenty-four hours, examine every travelling road and working-place before the workmen and boys descend, and shall leave a mark or signal at each working-place showing the date of his examination; and if he find the roads and works well ventilated, and in other respects safe, he shall give the signal to the banksman for the men and boys to descend; but if danger from gas or from any other cause be apprehended in any place, he shall immediately fix a danger-signal in all the entrances to such place. He must pay particular attention to the edges of the goaves and the gate end lips. He shall make a true report of the condition thereof, which shall be recorded without delay in a book to be kept at the mine for the purpose, and he shall sign the same.

31. If at any time it is found by the underviewer, or any person for the time being in charge of the mine or any part thereof, that, by reason of noxious gases prevailing in such mine or such part thereof, or of any cause whatever, the mine or the said part is dangerous, every workman shall be withdrawn from the mine, or such part thereof as is so found dangerous; and a competent person, who shall be appointed for the purpose shall inspect the mine, or such part thereof as is so found dangerous; and, if the danger arises from inflammable gas, shall inspect the same with a locked safety-lamp, and in every case shall make a true report of the condition of such mine or part thereof; and a workman shall not, except in so far as is necessary for inquiring into the case of danger, or for the removal thereof, or for exploration, be readmitted into the mine, or such part thereof as was so found dangerous, until the same is stated by such report not to be dangerous. Every such report shall be recorded in a book, which shall be kept at the mine for the purpose, and shall be signed by the person making the same.

32. The underviewer, under the direction of the manager, shall see that locked safety-lamps are used, and naked lights excluded wheresoever and whenssoever danger from fire-damp is apprehended, and shall see that proper caution boards or signals are placed and maintained for the purpose. He shall also examine the lamps, and shall immediately withdraw any that he may find unsafe.

33. The underviewer or other person appointed

shall make a daily record of the readings of the barometer and thermometer, and use additional care with the ventilating apparatus and examination of the works during any unusual indication.

34. The deputy shall not allow workmen to pass a station-board until the workings beyond it have been properly examined, and he shall see that proper caution-boards are put up when necessary.

35. No person shall try for fire-damp with a naked light, or brush out or baffle gas. In places where safety-lamps are used no person shall use or have a naked light, or have in his possession any apparatus either for smoking or striking a light.

36. Where safety-lamps are used they shall be used with the greatest care. Every person must examine his lamp to see that it is clean and securely locked on taking it from the lampkeeper.

37. No one shall place a safety-lamp on the floor, except when holing, and in all cases at least two feet from the swing of the pick.

38. No one shall have in the mine any unlocked safety-lamp in his possession, or a key or any contrivance for opening the same, except properly-authorized persons.

39. No person shall work with his safety-lamp full of fire, or unlock or unscrew the same, or blow out the flame, or light tobacco or other substances at the gauze, or damage or improperly use the lamp.

40. When a person is using a safety lamp, his putter or trammer must not bring a naked light into the place where a safety-lamp is used.

41. Whenever a lamp is rendered unsafe by oil being spilt on the gauze, or by any other injury, the person having such lamp shall put out the flame by drawing down the wick with a pricker, and deliver the lamp to the lampkeeper.

Furnacemen, Lampkeepers.

42. The ventilating furnace or apparatus shall not be left either day or night without the orders of the manager. In changing shifts a furnaceman shall not leave his furnace before the arrival of the furnaceman on the next shift. In case of sickness or lawful absence, a furnaceman must give early and sufficient notice to the manager, so that a substitute may be provided.

43. The lampkeeper must not deliver out a safety-lamp to be used that has less than twenty-eight parallel wires in an inch of the gauze, or which is not furnished with a proper lock and wire-pricker. He must see that each safety-lamp, when given out for use, is in good working order, clean, well trimmed, securely locked, and that each Davy lamp is protected by a shield; and must not allow any greasy waste to accumulate in the lamp-cabin, and must inform the underviewer whenever he finds that a safety-lamp has been wilfully or negligently damaged, or carelessly used.

The following special rules shall be in force at every mine where men are raised and lowered in any shaft:—

Manager.

44. The manager must see that the signals for moving the cages are painted upon a board and placed in a conspicuous position.

Underground Workmen and Boys.

45. During the time of the mine-drawing, every person in descending the shaft shall be under the directions of the banksman, and in ascending the shaft shall be under the direction of the onsetter, and no other persons than the banksman and onsetter shall give any signal during such time. No person shall get on or off the cage after the signal to go on has been given, nor until it has settled on the props or reached the bottom. No person shall

take with him down or up the shaft tools, rails, props, sprags, or other bulky materials, except for repairing the shafts. No person shall get on the cage after the number stated on the board at the pit-top and bottom are on. Every workman and boy shall leave the cage immediately when ordered to do so by the banksman or onsetter.

Banksman and Onsetter.

46. The head banksman, subject to the manager's or underviewer's directions, shall have full control over the pit-top and over all persons employed under him. The onsetter, subject to the manager's or underviewer's directions, shall have full control over the pit-bottom and all persons employed there. No person under the age of eighteen years shall have charge of the pit top or bottom.

47. The head banksman or other appointed person shall be at the mine at the appointed time in the morning, and shall provide a sufficient number of lights on the bank; and before the engine is started, and from time to time during the day, he shall see that the pulleys, ropes, cages, chains, and landing doors or frames are in safe working condition; and he shall not allow any person to descend the shaft until he has put the loaded tubs into the cage, and the ropes and loaded cages have been run up and down the shaft, and the ropes, chains, cappings, and cages carefully examined by him. If any weakness or defect is found in anything belonging to the pit-top, or in the engine or machinery, he must not permit any person to descend or ascend until it is made secure. The banksman shall also attend to the proper signals. The head banksman shall not allow any boy under thirteen to work on the bank excepting under the exemptions provided by the Act, and in that case only with an order from the manager.

48. The banksman in charge of the pit-top shall not let a stranger go down the shaft without the authority of the manager. The banksman, when he is informed of danger in the shaft, shall not allow any person to go down unless for the purpose of repairing the shaft. He shall not allow any intoxicated person to descend. He shall himself give the signals, and let no other than appointed persons land the corves or put them into the cages. He shall listen at the pit-top when any person is in the shaft, and instantly signal the engineman to stop the engine in case of alarm. He shall remain at the pit-top until all the men and boys are drawn out.

49. The banksman or onsetter shall not let a boy under sixteen years of age go down or up the shaft unless accompanied by a man, and shall not permit more than the number of persons stated on the board at the pit top and bottom to descend or ascend at one time. The banksman and onsetter shall not allow a person to go down or up against a loaded cage in the same shaft unless it is bratticed, and shall not allow any person to take with him rails, props, sprags, tools, tubs, or other bulky materials, or to get on or off the cage until it has settled upon the props or reached the pit-bottom. The banksman shall send all tools down the shaft in a tub or tram, and props, rails, brattice-boards, and other bulky materials shall be tied securely to the cage or rope by the banksman or onsetter when being sent down or up the shaft. If a rope is working in the shaft for underground planes, no person shall ride in the cage whilst this is running unless the rope be cased.

50. The head banksman shall see that the fencing is placed securely round the top of every shaft when it is not at work.

51. The onsetter shall be in the mine at the appointed time in the morning. He shall be at his station to give signals and perform his other duties under these rules, and he shall remain there to see

the men and boys all safely into the cage and up the shaft at the close of the day.

52. The onsetter shall report to the underviewer any person that gives a signal or disobeys his directions. He shall remain at the bell-handle and give cautionary signals, if necessary, when any person ascends or descends the shaft; he shall only allow appointed persons to put tubs into or take them out of the cages; and he shall see that the coals or materials do not project over the cage.

53. The onsetter shall see that the water sump is never uncovered when any person is ascending or descending the shaft.

54. The banksman shall keep the cages and pit-top clear.

55. The banksman and onsetter shall alone give the signals for moving the cages, which are as follow:—

When the cage is to be raised from the pit bottom, the bell is to be struck	...	Once.
When men are about to ascend	...	Three times.
Which the banksman shall answer before men get on to the cage	...	Once.
When men are about to descend the banksman shall signal	...	Three times.
Which the onsetter shall answer by signalling	...	Once.
When men are ready—the signal to go on	...	Once.
To stop the cage	...	Once.
To lower down the cage	...	Twice.
To raise up after being stopped	...	Four times.

56. The banksman and onsetter shall not allow any person to ride on the cage without the cover, unless by special permission.

The following special rules shall be in force at any mine where steam-engines are used:—

Enginewright.

57. The enginewright or some competent person shall daily inspect the engines, boilers, steam-gauges, water-gauges, feed-pumps, safety-valves, indicators, brakes, drums, ropes, chains, cages, and all other machinery used for the purpose of raising men or materials from the mine, and shall cause the same to be in a state of efficient repair.

58. The enginewright, or some competent person appointed, must daily examine the state of the shaft by which persons ascend or descend, and the guides and conductors therein.

59. The enginewright shall see that the walling and timbering of the pumping shaft and the pumping apparatus are frequently examined. The fixed and suspended stages, cradles, land loops, ropes, chains, gin, and capstan shall be examined before being used.

60. The enginewright shall see that competent persons, of not less than eighteen years of age, are employed for working the machinery used in lowering and raising persons employed in the mine.

61. The enginewright shall see that the bells and signals required by this Act are fixed and maintained in working order, and that the engineman understands the code of signals.

62. The enginewright shall see that every cage used for the purpose of raising and lowering persons in the shaft shall have a proper covering overhead.

63. The enginewright shall see that all ropes are carefully attached to the drum, and when the cage is at the pit-bottom there must not be less than two rounds of rope on the drum.

64. When a winding shaft rope requires "capping" or "splicing" it shall be done under the direction of the enginewright or a competent person appointed by the manager.

65. The enginewright shall report any breakage or derangement of machinery to the manager or engineer.

66. The enginewright or some competent person shall see that each boiler is laid off and cleaned when required; he shall make a careful examination of the same and all its connections, and not allow it to work unless in good working order.

67. The enginewright or some competent person shall see that all the signals are fixed that are required by the Act.

68. The enginewright shall see that every fly-wheel, and all exposed and dangerous parts of the machinery, shall be securely fenced.

Enginemen and Stokers.

69. Each engineman shall, every morning before commencing work, examine his engine and all the machinery connected therewith, and immediately report any defect to the manager or enginewright.

70. The engineman must run the ropes and loaded cages slowly up and down the pit before any person ascends or descends.

71. No one shall interfere with the engine except the engineman. He shall at all times gently lift the cage from the pit-bottom, and carefully drive the engine, and not leave the handle whilst persons are in the shaft, and shall not allow any person to remain in the engine-house. He shall pay particular attention to the indicators and signals, and shall stop the engine if any defect is perceived.

72. The engineman shall not leave his work whilst any person is underground, except when he is relieved by the engineman coming on the next shift; and, in case of sickness or lawful absence, he must give early and sufficient notice to the enginewright, so that a substitute may be provided.

73. The engineman shall make himself thoroughly acquainted and act in accordance with the signals laid down in these rules.

74. When work is suspended the engineman shall leave the cages in such a position that they do not impede the ventilation, and so as not to leave the pit-top unfenced.

75. Whilst any person is in the shaft the engineman shall drive the engine at a reduced speed.

76. The engineman or stoker shall, from time to time during the day, examine the fittings of the boilers, and at once report any defects to the manager or enginewright. The stoker shall from time to time examine the floats, safety-valves, and steam-gauges, so as to ascertain the level of the water and pressure of the steam.

The following special rules shall be in force at any mine where any incline or engineplane is in use:—

Brakesman on Incline and Engine Planes.

77. The brakesman shall, during work, see that the machinery, ropes, signals, &c., are in proper working order; and, if he perceive anything wrong, at once report the same to the underviewer or his deputy. He must be cautious in conducting the wagons, and see that they are securely coupled. He shall pay attention to giving and receiving the necessary signals.

78. The underviewer or his deputy shall see that proper stops and blocks are fixed at the top of each incline.

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